Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

 (currently amended) A method for detecting flaws in a disk drive, comprising: sampling a signal derived from at least a portion of a track on a disk to obtain n samples;

deriving a value from m of said n samples, each of said m samples having an

amplitude greater than 50% of the amplitude of an isolated pulse, wherein said m samples

are significant samples; and

comparing said derived value to a threshold value;

using said step of comparing to determine whether there is a flaw in said at least a portion of said track on said disk.

- (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
 generating a signal if said value derived from said m samples is determined to be unacceptable.
- 3. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
 generating a signal if said value derived from said m samples is less than said
 threshold value.

- 4. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:
 generating a signal if said value derived from said m samples is not greater than
 said threshold value.
- 5. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said at least a portion of a track is encoded using a predetermined pattern, and wherein said m samples are taken at times corresponding to expected peak values in said sampled signal.
- 6. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein each of said m samples has a magnitude, and wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples comprises:

calculating a sum comprising said magnitude of each of said m samples.

7. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein each of said m samples has a magnitude, and wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples comprises:

calculating a sum comprising said magnitude of each of said m samples; and dividing said sum by m.

8. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein each of said m samples has a magnitude, and wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples comprises:

integrating said magnitude of each of said m samples.

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9. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples comprises:

calculating a difference between an absolute value of a magnitude of each of said m samples and an optimal value.

10. (currently amended) The method of Claim 9, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples further comprises:

calculating a sum of each of said differences.

11. (currently amended) The method of Claim 9, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples further comprises:

calculating an average of each of said differences.

12. (currently amended) The method of Claim 9, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples comprises:

integrating each of said differences.

13. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said n samples comprises:

filtering said m samples.

- 14. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein a repeated pattern of data is encoded in said at least a portion of a track in a 2T data pattern, wherein in delay operation notation a filter used in said step of filtering is given by the function $1 D^2 + D^4 D^6 \dots \pm D^{2n}$.
- 15. (original) The method of Claim 13, wherein a repeated pattern of data is encoded in said at least a portion of a track in a 3T data pattern, wherein in delay operator notation said filter is given by the function $1 + D D^3 D^4 + D^6 + D^7 \dots [-/+ D^{n-1} -/+ D^n]$.
 - 16. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein m is equal to n.
 - 17. (currently amended) The method of Claim 2, further comprising: providing said signal to a controller.
 - 18. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein n is greater than m.
 - 19. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein n is greater than 1.
 - 20. (cancelled)

21. (currently amended) A method for detecting flaws in a disk drive, comprising: magnetizing each bit cell included in a plurality of bit cells on a disk in said disk drive in at least one of two directions;

reading from n of said plurality of bit cells;

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sampling a signal derived from said n bit cells during said step of reading to obtain at least n samples;

deriving a value from m of said at least n samples; and comparing said derived value to a threshold value;

using said step of comparing to determine whether there is a flaw in said plurality of bit cells on said disk.

22. (original) The method of Claim 21, further comprising:

generating a signal in response to a determination during said step of comparing that said derived value is unacceptable.

23. (original) The method of Claim 21, further comprising:

generating a signal in response to a determination during said step of comparing that said derived value is less than said threshold value.

24. (original) The method of Claim 21, further comprising:

generating a signal in response to a determination during said step of comparing that said derived value is not greater than said threshold value.

- 25. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples comprises calculating a sum comprising an absolute value of each of said m samples.
- 26. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples comprises:

calculating a sum comprising an absolute value of each of said m samples; dividing said sum by m to obtain an average value of said m samples.

27. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples comprises:

calculating a difference between each of said m samples and an optimal value to obtain m differences.

28. (currently amended) The method of Claim 27, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples further comprises:

calculating a sum of each of said m differences.

29. (currently amended) The method of Claim 27, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples further comprises:

calculating an average of each of said m differences.

30. (currently amended) The method of Claim 27, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples further comprises:

integrating each of said m differences.

31. (currently amended) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples eells comprises:

filtering said n samples.

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32. (currently amended) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples comprises:

integrating an absolute value of each of said m samples.

- 33. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of magnetizing in at least one of two directions each bit cell included in a plurality of bit cells on said disk comprises creating a change in magnetization on every i^{th} bit cell, and wherein said step of deriving a value from m of said at least n samples comprises filtering said m samples with a filter given by $1 D^2 + D^4 D^6 \dots \pm D^{2n}$.
- 34. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of magnetizing in at least one of two directions each bit cell included in a plurality of bit cells on said disk comprises:

magnetizing a first bit cell in a first direction;

magnetizing a second bit cell in said first direction;

magnetizing a third bit cell in a second direction; and magnetizing a fourth bit cell in said second direction.

- 35. (original) The method of Claim 34, wherein said step of reading from said at least n bit cells comprises reading from said first, second, third and fourth bit cells, wherein said step of sampling a signal derived from said at least n bit cells during said step of reading comprises sampling a signal derived from said first, second, third and fourth bit cells, and wherein said m samples comprise those samples derived from magnetic transitions between said first and second and between said third and fourth bit cells.
- 36. (original) The method of Claim 21, wherein said step of magnetizing each bit cell included in a plurality of bit cells on said disk comprises creating an iT pattern of encoded data.
- 37. (original) The method of Claim 21, further comprising generating a flag if said comparison of said derived value to said threshold value indicates that said derived value is unacceptable.
 - 38. (currently amended) A hard disk drive, comprising:
 - a base;

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a disk comprising a plurality of data tracks arranged concentrically about a spindle;

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a transducer head for reading and writing information to said data tracks, wherein said transducer head is moveable in a radial direction with respect to said disk to address a selected one of said plurality of data tracks;

a voice coil motor, interconnected to said transducer head, for moving said transducer head with respect to said data tracks;

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a controller, interconnected to said voice coil motor, for controlling a position of said transducer head with respect to said data tracks; and

a channel, interconnected to said transducer head, wherein a signal derived from information encoded in n bit cells in a one of said data tracks is read by said transducer head and is transmitted to said channel, wherein in a flaw detection mode said information encoded in said data tracks is encoded in a known pattern, wherein in said flaw detection mode said signal is sampled at least m times, wherein m samples are used to derive a first value, each of said m samples having an amplitude greater than 50% of the amplitude of an isolated pulse, wherein said m samples are significant samples, and wherein said first value is compared to a threshold value.

- 39. (original) The hard disk drive of Claim 38, wherein said channel generates a signal to indicate a detected flaw if said first value is less than said threshold value, and wherein said signal is passed to said controller.
- 40. (original) The hard disk drive of Claim 38, further comprising a filter, wherein said filter performs, in delay operator notation, a function given by $1 D^2 + D^4 D^6 \dots \pm D^{2n}$.

- 41. (original) The hard disk drive of Claim 38, further comprising a filter, wherein said filter performs, in delay operator notation, a function given by $1 + D D^3 D^4 + D^6 + D^7 \dots [-/+ D^{n-1} -/+ D^n]$.
 - 42. (original) The hard disk drive of Claim 38, further comprising:
 a shift register, wherein at least said m samples can be stored;
 a summing block, wherein said m samples can be added to produce a sum; and
 a comparator, wherein said sum can be compared to said threshold value.